Food and Drug Administration, HHS

changes of heat sensitive liquid crystals (cholesteric esters).

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in §880.9.

[45 FR 69682-69737, Oct. 21, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25050, June 12, 1989; 66 FR 38807, July 25, 2001]

§880.6980 Vein stabilizer.

(a) *Identification*. A vein stabilizer is a device consisting of a flat piece of plastic with two noninvasive prongs. The device is placed on the skin so that the prongs are on either side of a vein and hold it stable while a hypodermic needle is inserted into the vein.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in §880.9. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is also exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198, with respect to complaint files.

 $[45~{\rm FR}~69682\text{--}69737,~{\rm Oct.}~21,~1980,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}$ at $66~{\rm FR}~38807,~{\rm July}~25,~2001]$

§880.6990 Infusion stand.

(a) *Identification*. The infusion stand is a stationary or movable stand intended to hold infusion liquids, infusion accessories, and other medical devices.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §880.9.

[63 FR 59718, Nov. 5, 1998]

PART 882—NEUROLOGICAL DEVICES

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

882.1 Scope.

882.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

882.9 Limitations of exemptions from section 510(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act).

Subpart B—Neurological Diagnostic Devices

882.1020 Rigidity analyzer.

882.1030 Ataxiagraph.

882.1200 $\,$ Two-point discriminator.

882.1240 Echoencephalograph.

882.1275 Electroconductive media. 882.1310 Cortical electrode.

882.1320 Cutaneous electrode.

882.1330 Depth electrode.

882.1340 Nasopharyngeal electrode. 882.1350 Needle electrode.

882.1400 Electroencephalograph.

882.1410 Electroencephalograph electrode/lead tester.

882.1420 Electroencephalogram (EEG) signal spectrum analyzer.

882.1430 Electroencephalograph test signal generator.

882.1460 Nystagmograph.

882.1480 Neurological endoscope.

882.1500 Esthesiometer. 882.1525 Tuning fork.

882.1540 Galvanic skin response measure-

ment device. 882.1550 Nerve conduction velocity measurement device.

882.1560 Skin potential measurement device.

882.1570 Powered direct-contact temperature measurement device.

882.1610 Alpha monitor.

882.1620 Intracranial pressure monitoring device.

882.1700 Percussor.

882.1750 Pinwheel.

882.1790 Ocular plethysmograph.

882.1825 Rheoencephalograph. 882.1835 Physiological signal a

882.1835 Physiological signal amplifier.882.1845 Physiological signal conditioner.

882.1855 Electroencephalogram (EEG) telemetry system.

882.1870 Evoked response electrical stimulator.

882.1880 Evoked response mechanical stimulator

882.1890 Evoked response photic stimulator. 882.1900 Evoked response auditory stimu-

lator. 882.1925 Ultrasonic scanner calibration test block.

882.1950 Tremor transducer.

Subparts C-D [Reserved]

Subpart E—Neurological Surgical Devices

882.4030 Skull plate anvil.

882.4060 Ventricular cannula. 882.4100 Ventricular catheter

882.4125 Neurosurgical chair.

882.4150 Scalp clip.